

Data & Analytics Council

EHRs as a Data Source

Friday, June 20, 2014 11:00am-12:00 pm ET

Reminder:

Please mute your line when not speaking (* 6 to mute, *7 to unmute)

This call is being recorded



Agenda

- Welcome and introduction
- Speakers
 - Charles Boicey, Enterprise Analytics Architect, Stony Brook Medicine
 - Nitesh Chawla, PhD, Director of The Interdisciplinary Center for Network Science & Applications, University of Notre Dame
 - Simon Beaulah, Director Healthcare Strategy, Linguamatics
- General Discussion



Saritor: A Healthcare Data Ecosystem to Advance Clinical Practice and Research

Charles Boicey, MS, RN-BC, CPHIMS Enterprise Analytics Architect Stony Brook Medicine





Forget What You Know: Jacob Barnett



http://youtu.be/Uq-FOOQ1TpE

Why Saritor?

- New sources of health data are emerging that are not handled well by traditional BI/data storage
- The volume, complexity, diversity, & timeliness of healthcare data is rapidly increasing
- Patients are gaining much more insight and interest in managing their own health
- Need for Predictive/Prescriptive Analytics to support pro-active healthcare paradigm

Limits of the Current Model

- The Electronic Medical Record is not designed to process high volume/velocity data, nor is it intended to handle complex operations such as anomaly detection, machine learning, building complex algorithms or pattern set recognition.
- Enterprise Data Warehouses suffer from a latency factor of up to 24 hours. The EDW serves clinicians, operations, quality and research retrospectively as opposed to in real time.

2010 - 212

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facebook

Big Data = Complete Data

- The Electronic Medical Record is primarily transactional taking feeds from source systems via an interface engine.
- The Enterprise Data Warehouse is a collection of data from the EMR and various source systems in the enterprise.
- In both cases decisions are made concerning data acquisition.
- A Big Data system is capable of ingesting and storing healthcare data in total and in real time.

Saritor Data Sources

- Legacy Systems
 - Print to Text or Delimited String
- All HL7 Feeds (EMR source systems)
- All EMR Initiated Data (Stored Procedures)
- Device Data (in one minute intervals)
 - Physiological Monitors (HL7)
 - Ventilators (HL7)
 - Smart Pumps
- Social Media (POC)
 - Healthcare Organization Sentiment Analysis
 - Patient Engagement
- Home Monitoring (POC)
- Real Time Location System (RFID)
- Hospital Sensors
- Genomic Data

Saritor Initial Functionality

- Ingestion of legacy EMR data (20 years)
- Integration with EMR to view legacy data
- Integration with UCI analytics platform (Tableau)
- 30 Day Readmit Prediction (UCI Centric)
- Early Sepsis Detection & Notification
- Rapid Response Team Deployment
- Home Monitoring Analytics
 - Fitbit
 - SyncMetrics
- Social Media Sentiment Analysis

Saritor: A Modern Healthcare Data Platform



Contact Information

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Personalized Healthcare: From Population Data to Patient-Centered Outcomes

Nitesh Chawla, PhD Frank Freimann Collegiate Chair of Engineering Associate Professor of Computer Science and Engineering Director, iCeNSA





Physician decision making is constrained by knowledge of complex disease factors and medical history.

Lab tests and family health history enhance physicians' assessments but generally focus only on a few diseases.

Medical intervention often begins only once a disease has emerged.

iCARE tp:///icensa.nd.edu

Health status of all patients are scored or categorized according to their risk to develop specific diseases.

Earliest onset of disease in patients are detected, health care needs predicted and appropriate preventive and chronic care services recommend.

Proactive personalized care plan for each individual is developed.



Interdisciplinary Center for Network Science & Applications

"Health care has been evolving away from a 'disease-centered model' and toward a 'patient-centered model.' In the older, disease-centered model, physicians make almost all treatment decisions based largely on clinical experience and data from various medical tests. In a patient-centered model, patients become active participants in their own care and receive services designed to focus on their individual needs and preferences, in addition to advice and counsel from health professionals." AHRQ.GOV



iCeNSA Interdisciplinary Center for Network Science & Applications

Two thousand years ago..

"It is far more important to know what person the disease has than what disease the person has," *Hippocrates*





http://icensa.nd.edu



What are my disease risks? A Personalized Approach

"Determine <u>individual</u> risk of developing specific diseases, detect the disease's <u>earliest</u> onset, and <u>prevent</u> or intervene early enough to provide maximum benefit"





Similarities and shared experiences matter









CARE: Collaborative Assessment and Recommendation Engine

Patent No. 8,504,343

Empowering the patient and physician with the inferences drawn from millions of other patients

Nitesh Chawla, PhD



http://icensa.nd.edu



Nitesh Chawla, PhD

http://icensa.nd.edu

NOTRE DAME



"Data is a vital raw material"

Partnership is THE Enabler

- 13 Million ICD-9-CM data (Medicare)
 - In-patient
 - 32 Million visits over 4 years

■ ICD-9-CM Diagnosis 402

Hypertensive heart disease

• 402 is a non-specific code that cannot be used to specify a diagnosis

ECD-9-CM Diagnosis 402.0

Malignant hypertensive heart disease

• 402.0 is a non-specific code that cannot be used to specify a diagnosis

ICD-9-CM Diagnosis 402.00

Malignant hypertensive heart disease without heart failure

- 402.00 is a specific code that can be used to specify a diagnosis
- 402.00 contains 3 index entries

ICD-9-CM Diagnosis 402.01

Malignant hypertensive heart disease with heart failure

- 402.01 is a specific code that can be used to specify a diagnosis
- 402.01 contains 6 index entries





Experimental Setup

- Predictions are only for future diseases
- Patient must have at least 5 visits

Round	Training	Testing	
1	Visit 1	Visits 2-5	
2	Visits 1-2	Visits 3-5	
3	Visits 1-3	Visits 4-5	
4	Visit 1-4	Visit 5	





ICARE Results

	Baseline	3-digit ICARE
Тор 20		
Coverage	0.321	0.513
Average Rank	7.326	5.668



Technology solve:

Empower, personalize and sustain



http://icensa.nd.edu

CeNSA

vork Science & Apolications



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Driving the Common Good



CeNSA

nterdisciplinary Center for Vetwork Science & Applications

Patient advocacy groups have way more power in adoption of health and wellness.







http://icensa.nd.edu



Contact Info:

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Advanced NLP for Electronic Health Records

Simon Beaulah, Director, Healthcare Strategy

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EHRs & Healthcare Challenges



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Healthcare is in Transition

Healthcare needs to be a knowledge driven industry

• Enormous decision-making value in unstructured text if we can efficiently extract critical information from patient data

Vast and growing volumes of text

• Pathology, radiology and discharge reports not tractable with keyword search

Text mining/NLP transforms text into insights about patients

- Strong interest in Computer Aided Coding (CAC) but these systems are black box and only focussed on coding not information extraction.
- CAC can't cope with complex documents such as pathology and radiology
- Semantic normalization and enrichment essential





Challenges in Unstructured Patient Data

Non-smoker Does not smoke Does not drink or smoke	
Does not drink or smoke	
Denies tobacco use	
Same word, different context	
Diagnosed with diabetes	
Family history of diabetes	
No family history of diabetes	

NLP Transforms Text into Patient Insights

Turn text

Into structured data using sophisticated queries

To drive analytics









Enterprise Biobank

Cancer Registry



Accurate results – only retrieves relevant results

Complete results – comprehensive and systematic

www.linguamaticshealth.com

NLP-Based Healthcare Use Cases



www.linguamaticshealth.com



KAISER PERMANENTE PREDICTING PNEUMONIA FROM RADIOLOGY REPORTS

CHALLENGE

Diagnosis of pneumonia is a complex procedure requiring assessment of detailed radiologists' reports

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SOLUTION

In collaboration with Linguamatics and I2E, Department of Research has constructed a model that predicts the presence or absence of pneumonia at 93% accuracy

BENEFIT

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Large cohorts of patients can be assessed and specific cohorts selected based on complex patient documentation



GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY REALTIME DECISION SUPPORT USING IPADS

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CHALLENGE

Published case histories provide valuable insights into disease comorbidity and treatments. Complex questions that cannot be easily answered, cause delays in treatment decisions.

SOLUTION

Georgetown University and Linguamatics have developed an application to enable rapid identification of case histories from PubMed during hospital rounds through iPad and Surface Tablets

BENEFIT

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This rapid access to relevant data has saved hours and sometimes days of time and enabled faster decisions, leading to improved patient outcomes

C Lingua

amatics 2

Predictive Model: Pulmonary Nodule Assessment

- The decision to investigate a pulmonary nodule with a biopsy is difficult due to the clinical risk of the procedure
- Predictive models rely on unstructured data

	Cancer Risk		
	Low	Intermediate	High
Nodule size, diameter (mm)	<8	8 to 20	>20
Age, yr	<45	45 to 60	>60
Prior cancer history	No prior cancer		Prior cancer history
Tobacco use (pack/day)	Never smoked	1	>1
Smoking cessation	Quit > 7 yr ago	Quit <7 yr ago	Never quit
Chronic obstructive lung disease	No COPD		COPD
Asbestos exposure	No exposure		Exposure
Nodule characteristics	Smooth	Lobulated	Spiculated





GENOSPACE MATCHING PATIENTS TO CLINICAL TRIALS

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CHALLENGE

ClinicalTrials.gov's inclusion and exclusion criteria made matching patients to trials difficult to do automatically. Traditional NLP techniques were slow and not domain aware

SOLUTION

Genospace used I2E to automatically extract trial criteria in a structured form, including genetic needs, and load them into their database to support patient matching.

BENEFIT

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Matches to trials are automatically made ensuring to the latest treatment options for patients. 37

Summary

- Application of analytics and NLP is key to future healthcare
- Complexity of human disease, associated specialties and social media means unstructured text is growing, not going away
- Use of NLP can impact patient care in numerous areas and be embedded into workflows
- Agile text mining provides a way to put it into practice now
- Contact me at simon.beaulah@linguamatics.com





General Discussion

- What are best practices for healthcare organizations to leverage EHR data in innovative ways?
- What barriers currently restrict the use of EHR data, and how can organizations overcome them?
 - How would you like to see EHRs improved to make them more amenable to secondary data use?



Next steps

- Audio recording and slides will be available online at <u>http://www.ehidc.org/issues/data-and-analytics/data-and-analytics-council-materials</u>
- Next meeting: July 18, 2014



Thank you!